

Course Competency

MLT 1610 CLINICAL CHEM 1

Course Description

General principles involved in the qualitative and quantitative analysis of the chemical constituents of such body substances as blood, urine and feces in health and disease. Various techniques used in clinical chemistry as colorimetry, potentiometry, gasometry, fluorimetry and chromatography are applied in the biochemical determination performed. Prerequisite: Permission of department chairman. Laboratory fee.

Course Competency	Learning Outcomes
Competency 1: The student will demonstrate knowledge of the principles and practices of clinical chemistry by:	 Critical thinking Social Responsibility Ethical Issues Computer / Technology Usage
 Describing the basic concepts, components and methods for Quality Control Describing the different types of safety hazards encountered in Clinical Chemistry Determining common sources of error in Clinical Chemistry Analysis Selecting proper specimens for analysis in Clinical Chemistry 	
Competency 2: The student will demonstrate knowledge of different laboratory analytes by:	1. Numbers / Data
 Explaining the clinical significance of the following: glucose glycosylated hemoglobin blood urea nitrogen creatinine uric acid electrolytes blood gasses phosphorus magnesium 	

11. ammonia 12. Trace elements 13. iron and iron binding capacity	
Competency 3: The student will demonstrate an understanding of Pathophysiology	
 Explaining the functions, ailments and laboratory tests used to diagnose the following: Diabetes Kidney Disease Water, Electrolyte Balance Acid Base Balance 	

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